## 2019 BENCHMARK SURVEY OF U.S. DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD MANDATORY - CONFIDENTIAL FORM BE-10A (Report for U.S. Reporter)

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## Reporter ID Number <br> A <br> *Do not enter Social Security Number in Reporter ID box

## Name and address of U.S. Reporter



## IMPORTANT

Instruction Booklet - Contains additional instructions, definitions, and detailed reporting requirements for completing this form.
Who must report - Form BE-10A must be filed by each U.S. person that has a foreign affiliate reportable in fiscal year 2019.
Data on Form BE-10A pertain to the fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise for the U.S. Reporter's 2019 fiscal year.
DO NOT FULLY CONSOLIDATE OPERATIONS OF FOREIGN AFFILIATES ON FORM BE-10A. Report data pertaining to the operations of foreign affiliates on Forms BE-10B, BE-10C, or BE-10D.
Due Date - A complete BE-10 report is due on the following dates:
May 29, 2020 for a U.S. Reporter required to file fewer than 50 Forms $B E-10 B, B E-10 C$, and/or $B E-10 D$
June 30, 2020 for a U.S. Reporter required to file 50 or more Forms BE-10B, BE-10C, and/or BE-10D
Monetary Values - Report in U.S. dollars rounded to thousands (omitting 000).
EXAMPLE - If amount is $\$ 1,334,891.00$, report as.

| $\$$ | Bil. | Mil. | Thous. | Dols. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 |  | 1 | 335 | 000 |

If an item is between + or $-\$ 500.00$, enter " 0 ." Use parenthesis () to indicate negative numbers.

## MANDATORY <br> CONFIDENTIALITY <br> PENALTIES

This survey is being conducted under the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act (P.L. 94-472, 90
Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C. 3101-3108, as amended). The filing of reports is mandatory and the Act provides that your report to this Bureau is confidential. Whoever fails to report may be subject to penalties. See page 16 for additional details.

## CONTACT INFORMATION

Provide information of person to consult about this report:

| 0990 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Name } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\text { Street } 1$ |  |  | 0994 | Telephone Number 0 | Extension |
| 0991 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Street 2 |  |  |  |  | Fax Number <br> 0 |  |
| 0992 |  |  |  | 0997 |  |  |
|  | City | State | Zip |  | E-mail Address |  |
| 0993 |  |  |  | 0999 |  |  |

NOTE: BEA uses a Secure Messaging System to correspond with you via encrypted message to discuss questions relating to this form. We may use your e-mail address for survey-related announcements and to inform you about secure messages. When communicating with BEA by e-mail, please do not include any confidential business or personal information. This includes your Social Security Number which should never be provided to BEA via any method of transmission.

## CERTIFICATION

The undersigned official certifies that this report has been prepared in accordance with the applicable instructions, is complete, and is substantially accurate except that, in accordance with instructions Part IV.E of the Instruction Booklet, estimates may have been provided.


## Part I - Identification of U.S. Reporter

2 What is the form of organization of the U.S. Reporter? - Mark $(X)$ one.
1002
$1 \square$ Corporation (except S Corporations)
$2 \square$ Partnership
$3 \square$ Limited Liability Company (LLC)
$4 \square$ S Corporation
$5 \square$ ndividual, estate, or trust
$6 \square$ Other - Specify $\square$

3 If the U.S. Reporter is a business enterprise, is the U.S. Reporter owned to the extent of more than $\mathbf{5 0 \%}$ of its voting stock by another U.S. business enterprise?

1003
$1 \square$ Yes - Complete the "BE-10, CLAIM FOR NOT FILING." On the claim, mark ( $X$ ) box number B. 2 and enter the name and address of the U.S. business enterprise in whose report your data will be consolidated in accordance with the definition of a fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise. (See Instruction Booklet, Part I.B.1.b.) Submit the claim to BEA and forward the remainder of the BE-10 survey packet to the U.S. business enterprise in whose report your data will be consolidated. If this cannot be done, please contact us for further instructions.
$2 \square \mathrm{No}$ - Complete the remainder of this form.

What is the Employer Identification Number(s) used by the U.S. Reporter to file income and payroll taxes? Provide any additional numbers on a separate sheet.

1004


## Does this U.S. Reporter have a Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)?

${ }^{1034} \quad{ }^{1} \mathbf{1}$ Yes - Enter the 20-digit LEI of the U.S. Reporter

$2 \square \mathrm{No}$
Is this U.S. Reporter a publicly traded company?
${ }^{1035} \quad 1 \square$ Yes - What stock exchange is the U.S. Reporter listed on?
What is the U.S. Reporter's ticker symbol?
$2 \square$ No
7 How many foreign affiliate reports (Forms BE-10B, BE-10C, and BE-10D) are you required to file?
1005


What is the ending date of this U.S. Reporter's 2019 fiscal year? - The U.S. Reporter's financial reporting year that has an ending date in calendar year 2019. See Instruction Booklet, Part II.A.


Was there a change in the entity due to mergers, acquisitions, divestitures, etc., or a change in accounting methods or principles during FY 2019 that caused FY 2018 data to be restated? 1007

1 Yes - The effect of restatement on property, plant, and equipment accounts must be entered in 82.

2 $\square$ No

## Part I - Identification of U.S. Reporter - Continued

10 Does the U.S. Reporter own a majority interest in an unconsolidated U.S. business enterprise? See Instruction Booklet, Part 1.B.1.b.
1009


11 Does the U.S. Reporter maintain one or more sales promotion or representative offices abroad that do not produce revenue directly for their own accounts but, instead, are established solely to do business, or provide market information or public relations services, for their U.S. parent?
1010
$1 \square$ Yes - See Instruction Booklet, Part III.F., to determine whether these offices should be reported in this survey.
$2 \square$ No

12 Is the U.S. Reporter named in 1 a U.S. affiliate of a foreign person and required to file a 2019 Form BE-15A, Annual Survey of Foreign Direct Investment in the United States? 1011
$1 \square$ Yes - Complete only 53 through 65, 69 through 93, 99 through 104, and Part V on the remainder of this Form BE-10A. Also complete Form(s) BE-10B/C/D, as required.
$2 \square$ No - Continue with 13 (Major activity of the fully consolidated domestic U.S. Reporter).

13 What is the major activity of the fully consolidated domestic U.S. Reporter? - Mark $(X)$ one.
Select the one activity below that best describes the major activity of the U.S. Reporter. For an inactive U.S. Reporter, select the activity based on its last active period; for "start-ups," select the intended activity.
1013


14 What is the MAJOR product or service involved in this activity?
If a product, briefly state what is done to it, i.e., whether it is mined, manufactured, sold at wholesale, packaged, transported, etc. (For example, "Manufacture widgets to sell at wholesale.")

10140

15-19 Intentionally blank.

| BEA $^{1012}$ | 1 | 2 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| USE |  |  |  |  |
| ONLY |  |  |  |  |

## Part II — Sales and Employment by Industry Classification

## Industry Classification, Total Sales, and Employees of Fully Consolidated U.S. Reporter

## Enter the 4-digit International Surveys Industry (ISI) code(s) and the sales and employment associated with each code

 in items 20 through 29.Holding company (ISI code 5512) is often an invalid industry classification for a conglomerate. A conglomerate must determine its industry code based on the activities of the fully consolidated domestic U.S. business enterprise.

Column 1 - ISI Code - See the Summary of Industry Classifications on pages 18 and 19. For a full explanation of each code, see the Guide to Industry Classifications for International Surveys, 2017 located at www.bea.gov/naics2017. For an inactive U.S. Reporter, base the industry classification(s) on its last active period; for "start-ups" with no sales, show the intended activities.

## Column 2 - Sales

## INCLUDE

- Total sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes, returns, allowances, and discounts.
- Fees and commissions.
- Revenues generated during the year from the operations of a discontinued business segment.
- ONLY finance and insurance companies and units should report dividends and interest.
- Total income of holding companies (ISI code 5512) as reported in item 47.


## EXCLUDE

- Investment gains and losses reported in item 45 .
- Sales or consumption taxes levied directly on the consumer.
- Excise taxes levied directly on manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers.
- Gains or losses from DISPOSALS of discontinued operations and gains and losses from derivative instruments (report as certain gains (losses) in item 45 ).
- Dividends and interest earned by non-finance and non-insurance companies and units (report as other income in item 46).

NOTE: Dealers in financial instruments and finance, insurance, and real estate companies see Special Instructions on page 17.
Column (3) - Number of employees - INCLUDE all full-time and part-time employees on the payroll at the end of FY 2019 associated with each ISI code. EXCLUDE contract workers and other workers not carried on the payroll of this U.S. Reporter. If employment at the end of FY 2019 was unusually high or low because of temporary factors (e.g., a strike), give the number of employees that reflects normal operations. If the business enterprise's activity involves large seasonal variations, give the average number of employees for FY 2019. If precise figures are not available, provide your best estimate.

NOTE: For most U.S. Reporters, the employment distribution in column 3 is not proportional to the sales distribution in column 2. Therefore, do not distribute employment by industry in proportion to sales by industry.

What are the sales or gross operating revenues and employment by ISI code for the U.S. Reporter?

20 Largest sales or gross operating revenues.
212 2nd largest sales or gross operating revenues.
22 3rd largest sales or gross operating revenues
23 4th largest sales or gross operating revenues
24 5th largest sales or gross operating revenues
25 6th largest sales or gross operating revenues
26 7th largest sales or gross operating revenues
27 8th largest sales or gross operating revenues
28 9th largest sales or gross operating revenues
29 10th largest sales or gross operating revenues

ISI code
(1)


Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes engaged in activities for the ISI codes in column (1)
(3)
(2)


30 Number of employees of administrative offices and other auxiliary units that service more than one industry? - INCLUDE employees at corporate headquarters, central administrative, and regional offices, and operating units that provide administration and management or support services (such as accounting, data processing, legal, research and development and testing, and warehousing) to more than one industry. EXCLUDE employees that provide administration and management or support services for only one industry. Instead, report such employees in column (3) of items 20 through 29 in the industry(ies) of the operating unit(s).

31 Sales or gross operating revenues and employees not accounted for above?

1026 $\square$
32 What are the U.S. Reporter's total sales or gross operating revenues and employees? - Sum of 20 through 31 (Column (2) must equal 43 and also 53 column (1). Column (3) must equal 66 )

## SIZE OF THE U.S. REPORTER

33 Did this U.S. Reporter have any one of these three items: (1) total assets, (2) sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes, or (3) net income (loss), greater than $\$ 300$ million at the end of, or for, the U.S. Reporter's 2019 fiscal year?
2030
${ }^{1} 1 \square$ Yes - Skip Part III, then continue with Part IV on page 6.
$2 \square$ No - Complete Part III, skip Part IV, then continue to Part V on page 15.

34 - 39 Intentionally blank.

Part III - Selected Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Reporter

## NET INCOME, ASSETS, AND LIABILITIES

What are the U.S. Reporter's values for:
40 N

Net income (loss)?

|  | \$ Bil. | Mil. | Thous. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 20311 | Dols. |  |  |
| $\ldots$ |  |  |  |
| 2032 | 1 | 000 |  |
| $\ldots$. |  | 000 |  |
| 2033 | 1 |  |  |
| $\ldots$ |  |  |  |Skip to Part V on page 15.


| 1028 |  |  | 0 | 3 | 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1029 | 1 | 2 |  | 3 |  |  |  |
| BEA 1030 | 1 | 2 |  | 3 | 4 |  |  |
| ONLY ${ }_{1031}$ | 1 | 2 |  | 3 | 4 |  |  |
| 2036 | 1 | 2 |  | 3 |  |  | 0 |

## Part IV - Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Reporter Complete ONLY if the answer to 33 is "Yes"

Section A - Income Statement of U.S. Reporter - See Additional Instructions for Part IV, Section A, on page 16 at the back of this form. What are the U.S. Reporter's values for: INCOME

43 Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes? - Must equal 32 column (2), (Dealers \$ Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols. in financial instruments see Special Instructions, A.1., page 17; insurance companies see Special Instructions, B.2.a., page 17.) $\square$
44 Income from equity investments in unconsolidated business enterprises? - For those owned 20 percent or more (including majority-owned foreign affiliates), report equity in earnings during the reporting period; for those owned less than 20 percent, report dividends or distributed earnings for unincorporated affiliates.
EXCLUDE interest income.
a. Income from equity investments in unconsolidated U.S. business enterprises $\qquad$
$\square$
b. Income from equity investments in foreign affiliates

45 Certain gains (losses)? - Read the following instructions carefully as they may deviate from what is normally required by U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Report gross amount before income tax effect. INCLUDE income tax effect in 49 . Report gains (losses) resulting from:
a. Sale or disposition of financial assets including investment securities; FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115) holding gains (losses) on securities classified as trading securities; FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115) impairment losses; and gains (losses) derived from derivative instruments. Dealers in financial instruments (including securities, currencies, derivatives, and other financial instruments) and finance and insurance companies, see Special Instructions, A.1., page 17;
b. Sales or dispositions of land, other property, plant and equipment, or other assets, and FASB ASC 360 (FAS 144) impairment losses. EXCLUDE gains or losses from the sale of inventory assets in the ordinary course of trade or business. Real estate companies, see Special Instructions, A.2., page 17;
c. Goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142);
d. Restructuring. INCLUDE restructuring costs that reflect write-downs or write-offs of assets or liabilities. EXCLUDE actual payments and charges to establish reserves for future expected payments, such as for severance pay, and fees to accountants, lawyers, consultants, or other contractors;
e. Disposals of discontinued operations. EXCLUDE income from the operations of a discontinued segment. Report such income as part of your income from operations in 32, 43, and 53;
f. Re-measurement of U.S. Reporter's foreign-currency-denominated assets and liabilities due to changes in foreign exchange rates during the reporting period;
g. Extraordinary, unusual, or infrequently occurring items that are material. INCLUDE losses from accidental damage or disasters after estimated insurance reimbursement. INCLUDE other material items, including write-ups, write-downs, and write-offs of tangible and intangible assets; gains (losses) from the sale or other disposition of capital assets; and gains (losses) from the sale or other disposition of financial assets, including securities, to the extent not included above. EXCLUDE legal judgments;
h. The cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle; and
i. The cumulative effect of a change in the estimate of stock compensation forfeitures under FASB ASC 718 (FAS 123(R)).

46 Other income? - Report non-operating and other income not included in 43 - Specify


## COSTS AND EXPENSES

Cost of goods sold or services rendered and selling, general, and administrative expenses? Insurance companies see Special Instructions, B.2.c., page 17. $\square$
U.S. income taxes? - Provision for U.S. Federal, state, and local income taxes.

EXCLUDE production royalty payments
50 Other costs and expenses not included above, including minority interests in income (loss) that arise out of consolidation? - Specify


$\square$
51 Total costs and expenses? - Sum of 48 through 50

## Section B - Distribution of Sales or Gross Operating Revenues

Distribute sales or gross operating revenues among three categories - sales of goods, sales of services, and investment income. For the purpose of this distribution, "goods" are normally economic outputs that are tangible and "services" are normally economic outputs that are intangible, including sales related to intellectual property rights. When a sale consists of both goods and services and cannot be unbundled (i.e., the goods and services are not separately billed), classify the sales as goods or services based on whichever accounts for a majority of the value. Give best estimates if actual figures are not available. Insurance companies also see Special Instructions, B.2.d. and e., page 17.

54 Sales of goods - Goods are normally economic outputs that are tangible. Sales of goods include, but are not limited to:

- Mass produced media, including exposed film, video tapes, DVDs, audio tapes, and CDs.
- Books. NOTE: Report revenues associated with the design, editing, and marketing activities for producing and distributing books that you both publish and sell as sales of services.
- Energy trading activities where you take title to the goods. NOTE: If you act in the capacity of a broker or agent to facilitate the sale of goods and you do not take title to the goods, report your revenue (i.e., commissions) as sale of services in 55 .
- Bulk sales of newspapers and periodicals sold in retail stores. NOTE: Report subscription sales as sales of services in 55.
- Packaged general use computer software.
- Structures sold by businesses in real estate.
- Revenues earned from building structures by businesses in construction.
- Electricity, natural gas, and water. NOTE: Revenues derived from transmitting and/or distributing these goods, as opposed to revenues derived from the sale of the actual product, should to the extent feasible, be reported as sales of services in 55 .

55 Sale of services, including intellectual property rights - Services are normally economic outputs that are intangible. Sales of services include, but are not limited to:

- Advertising revenue, including placement of ads in print, broadcast, or digital media.
- Commissions and fees earned by companies engaged in finance and real estate activities.
- Commissions earned by agents or brokers (i.e., wholesalers) who act on behalf of buyers and sellers in the wholesale distribution of goods. NOTE: Agents or brokers do not take title to the goods being sold.
- Newspapers and periodicals sold through subscriptions, whether by mail, electronic subscription, or other means. NOTE: Report bulk sales as sales of goods in 54 .
- Transportation, including by air, rail, tanker, truck, or pipeline, and warehousing.
- Income from transactions in intellectual property, including franchise fees and the rights to use, reproduce and/or distribute, intellectual property, including:
- patents, process, trade secrets, and trademarks;
- books or music, recorded performances and events, and broadcasting live performances and events, excluding on physical media;
- general use computer software, excluding on physical media; and
- Computer services, including sales of customized software, cloud computing and data storage services.
- Electricity, natural gas, and water transmission and distribution.
- Operating electronic markets bringing together buyers and sellers of goods and services using the Internet or other electronic means.
- Real estate rental income. NOTE: report in columns (2) through (4) based on the location of the property.

56 Investment income - Report dividends and interest generated by finance and insurance activities as investment income. NOTE: Report commissions and fees as sales of services in 55.
Finance or insurance companies that include investment income in gross operating revenues should report the source of such investment income in 56 based on the location of the issuer of the financial instrument whether publicly issued or privately placed. If the location of the issuer is unknown, then substitute the nationality of the issuer. If both the location and nationality of the issuer are unknown, and an intermediary (e.g., trustee, custodian, or nominee) is used to manage the investment (financial instrument or real estate) use the country of location of the intermediary.

What are the U.S. Reporter's values for:
53 Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes? -
a. Column (1) equals 43 .
b. Each column of line 53 equals the sum of 54, 55 , and 56.

BY TYPE
54 Sales of goods?
55 Sales of services, including intellectual property rights?

56 Investment income?


## Section C - Digital Economy Activities

- Sales or gross operating revenues reported in this section should be included in the total for sales of services reported in $\mathbf{5 5}$.
- Estimates - If actual data are not available, or only partial data are available, provide estimates and label as such. Data provided in this section may be reasonable estimates based upon the informed judgment of persons in the responding organization, sampling techniques, prorations based on related data, etc.


## For cloud computing services, what are the U.S. Reporter's values for:

Cloud computing services - Computing services that customers can access from a shared pool of configurable computing resources in a flexible and on-demand way, without active management by the customer. They offer a range of resources, such as access to processing, storage, and networks; platforms for customers to deploy their own applications; and readymade software.

57 Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales tax?


58 Costs and expenses, excluding employee compensation, associated with providing these services?

59 Number of employees engaged in providing these services? $\square$

For digital intermediation services, what are the U.S. Reporter's values for:
Digital intermediation services - Services that are earned from operating a digital intermediary platform, which is an online interface that facilitates, for a fee, the direct interaction between multiple buyers and multiple sellers. The platform does not take economic ownership of the goods nor does it provide the services that are being sold.

60 Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales tax?
Report fees and commissions only, not the value of the goods or services sold on the platform $\square$
61 Costs and expenses, excluding employee compensation, associated with providing these services?

62 Number of employees engaged in providing these services?
3156

Digitally delivered services are those that are delivered remotely over information and communications technology networks - i.e. over voice or data networks, including the Internet, or in an electronically downloadable format.
Digitally ordered pertains to the sale of a good or service conducted over computer networks by methods specifically designed for the purpose of receiving or placing orders, negotiating terms of sales or price. This covers orders placed over an electronic data interchange, the Internet, mobile device, or any other online system.


## Part IV - Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Reporter - Continued

## Section D - Employment

Report the number of employees on the payroll at the end of FY 2019 including part-time employees, but excluding temporary and contract employees not included on your payroll records. A count taken at some other date during the reporting period may be given provided it is a reasonable estimate of employees on the payroll at the end of FY 2019. If the number of employees at the end of FY 2019 (or when the count was taken) was unusually high or low due to temporary factors (e.g., a strike), enter the number of employees that reflects normal operations. If the number of employees fluctuates widely during the year due to seasonal business variations, report the average number of employees on the payroll during FY 2019. Base such an average on the number of employees on the payroll at the end of each pay period, month or quarter. If precise figures are not available, give your best estimate.

66 What is the U.S. Reporter's total number of employees?
Number of employees
3253


## Research and Development Employees

INCLUDE all employees who work on R\&D or who provide direct support to R\&D, such as researchers, R\&D managers, technicians, clerical staff, and others assigned to R\&D groups.

- Researchers include R\&D scientists, engineers, and their managers.
- R\&D technicians and equivalent staff are persons whose main tasks require technical knowledge and experience in one or more field of science or engineering, but who contribute to R\&D by performing technical tasks under the supervision of researchers.
- R\&D support staff is not directly involved with the conduct of a research project, but support the researchers and technicians. These employees might include clerical staff, report writers, regulatory experts, quality assurance, safety trainers, and other related employees.

EXCLUDE employees who provide only indirect support to R\&D, such as corporate personnel, security guards, and cafeteria workers.

67 What is the number of employees in 66 who are research and development employees? - Employees who work on R\&D or who provide direct support to R\&D $\square$

Report employee compensation expenditures, the base compensation data on payroll records, made by an employer in connection with the employment of workers, including cash payments, payments-in-kind, and employer expenditures for employee benefit plans including those required by statute. Total employee compensation consists of wages and salaries of employees and employer expenditures for all employee benefit plans. Report compensation that relates to activities that occurred during the reporting period regardless of whether the activities were charged as an expense on the income statement, charged to inventories, or capitalized. EXCLUDE data related to activities of a prior period, such as those capitalized or charged to inventories in prior periods. EXCLUDE compensation of contract workers not carried on the payroll of this U.S. Reporter

68 What is the U.S. Reporter's total employee compensation expenditure? - Report, for all employees in 66, the sum of wages and salaries and employee benefit plans


Remarks (Electronically filed documents are limited to 255 character remarks. If you need to enter more, use the comments section on the eFile website.)

## Section E - Balance Sheet of U.S. Reporter at Close of FY 2019

NOTE - Disaggregate all asset and liability items in the detail shown. Show accounts receivable and payable between the U.S. Reporter and its foreign affiliates in the proper asset and liability accounts of the U.S. Reporter. Do not report them as a net amount.

69 Cash and cash equivalents - INCLUDE deposits in financial institutions and other cash items and short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. EXCLUDE overdrafts as negative cash, instead report overdrafts in 78 .

72 Property, plant, and equipment, net - Report net of accumulated depreciation and depletion. INCLUDE land, timber, mineral rights and similar rights owned. Also INCLUDE structures, machinery, equipment, special tools, deposit containers, construction in progress, and capitalized tangible and intangible exploration and development costs of the U.S. Reporter. INCLUDE items leased from others, per FASB ASC 842. EXCLUDE all other types of intangible assets, and land held for resale.

75 Other assets

- INCLUDE land held for resale; other equity investments; noncurrent marketable securities; other investments; noncurrent trade accounts and trade notes receivable, net of allowance for doubtful items; intangible assets, net of amortization; and any other assets not reported elsewhere.
- Report credit balances in these accounts in 78, other liabilities.
- Insurance companies see Special Instructions B.1., page 17.

78 Other liabilities - INCLUDE overdrafts, commercial paper issued and other current liabilities not included in 77. INCLUDE long-term debt securities owed such as bonds or notes, lease obligations per FASB ASC 842, deferred taxes, underlying minority interest in consolidated domestic subsidiaries, and all other longterm intercompany debt.

## What are the U.S. Reporter's values for:



## Part IV - Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Reporter - Continued

## Section F - Property, Plant and Equipment (PP\&E)

NOTE - PP\&E includes land, timber, mineral and like rights owned; structures, machinery, equipment, special tools, and other depreciable property; construction in progress; and capitalized tangible and intangible exploration and development costs, but excludes other types of intangible assets, and land held for resale.

## 81 - 88

INCLUDE items leased from others (including land). Also INCLUDE the capitalized value of timber, mineral, and similar rights leased by the U.S. Reporter from others. EXCLUDE items the U.S. Reporter has leased to others.

EXCLUDE from expenditures ( 83 and 84 ) all changes in PP\&E resulting from a change in the entity (e.g., due to mergers, acquisitions, divestitures, etc.) or accounting principles during FY
2019. Account for such changes in 82.

For U.S. Reporters engaged in exploring for, or developing, natural resources, INCLUDE in 83 and 84 exploration and development expenditures made during FY 2019 that were capitalized, including capitalized expenditures to acquire or lease mineral rights. INCLUDE adjustments for expenditures charged against income in prior years, but subsequently capitalized during FY 2019 in 87.

85 Depreciation - EXCLUDE depletion. Report depletion separately in 86.

## What are the U.S. Reporter's values for:

## BALANCE CLOSE, FY 2018

- Insurance companies see Special Instructions, B.2.h., page 17.

81 Net book value of PP\&E at close FY 2018? - The closing FY 2018 value before restatement due to a change in the entity or accounting methods or principles.


## CHANGES DURING FY 2019

Restatement due to a change in the entity (i.e., due to mergers, acquisitions, divestitures, etc.) or due to a change in accounting methods or principles? - If the answer to 9 was "Yes," give amount by which $\mathbf{8 1}$ would be restated. If a decrease, put amount in parentheses.
EXCLUDE gains (losses) resulting from the sale or disposition of domestic subsidiaries of the U.S. Reporter, and from the revaluation of assets (whether or not realized). Report these amounts in 45 and/or 80 - equals sum of $82 \mathbf{a}$ and $82 \mathbf{b}$

Amount by which the net book value of PP\&E would be restated due to:
a. Change in entity (i.e. due to the acquisition of, or merger with, another company, or the divestiture of a subsidiary, change in fiscal year, etc.) $\square$ 000
b. Change in accounting methods or principles

34891

Is change in accounting methods due in whole or in part to implementation of FASB ASC 842 Lease Accounting?
$3490 \quad 1 \mathbf{1} \square$ Yes, in whole
$2 \square$ Yes, in part

Expenditures by the U.S. Reporter for, or transfers into the U.S. Reporter of: - Insurance companies see Special Instructions, B.2.i., page 17.


## Part IV - Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Reporter - Continued

## Section G - Interest, Production Royalty Payments, and Taxes

What are the U.S. Reporter's value(s) for: $\quad$ \$ Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols.
90 Interest income? - Report interest received by or due to the U.S. Reporter from all payors (including affiliated persons), net of tax withheld at the source. INCLUDE all interest receipts included in 43 and 46 . Do not net against interest expensed in 91 .

91 Interest expensed or capitalized? - Report interest expensed or capitalized by the U.S. Reporter, paid or due to all payees (including affiliated persons), gross of tax withheld. Do not net against interest income in 90. $\square$

92 Production royalty payments to Federal, state, and local governments for natural resources, total? -
INCLUDE amounts paid or accrued for the year. INCLUDE payments-in-kind at market value.

93 Taxes (except income and payroll taxes) and nontax payments (other than production royalty payments)?
Report all such taxes and nontax payments whether or not included in revenues or expenses in the income statement. INCLUDE amounts paid or accrued for the year, net of refunds or credits, to Federal, state, and local governments, their subdivisions and agencies for -

- Sales, consumption, and excise taxes collected by the U.S. Reporter on goods and services the U.S. Reporter sold;
- Property and other taxes on the value of assets and capital;
- Any remaining taxes (other than income and payroll taxes); and
- Import and export duties, license fees, fines, penalties, and all other payments or accruals of nontax liabilities (except production royalty payments for natural resources).


## Section H - Banking Industry Activities

94 In 20 through 29, did you report sales for ISI codes 5221 or 5229 (depository or non-depository banking)?


## TOTAL

(1) $=(2)+(3)$
(1) values for:

| values for: |  | \$ Bil. | Mil. | Thous. | Dols. | \$ | Mil. | Thous. | Dols. | \$ Bil. | Mil. | Thous. | Dols. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3601 | 1 |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |
| Assets? - Column (1) equals 76 |  |  |  |  | 000 |  |  |  | 000 |  |  |  | 000 |
|  | 3602 | 1 |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |
| Liabilities? - Column (1) equals 79 |  |  |  |  | 000 |  |  |  | 000 |  |  |  | 000 |
| Interest Income? <br> - Column (1) equals 90 | 3603 | 1 |  |  | 000 | 2 |  |  | 000 | 3 |  |  | 000 |
| Interest expensed or capitalized? <br> - Column (1) equals 91 . . . . | 3604 | 1 |  |  | 000 | 2 |  |  | 000 | 3 |  |  | 000 |

Remarks

## Section I - Insurance Industry Activities - Premiums earned and losses incurred

96 Of the total sales and gross operating revenues reported in 32, column (2), were any of the sales or revenues generated by insurance-related activities covered by ISI codes 5243 (Insurance carriers, except direct life insurance carriers) and 5249 (Direct life insurance carriers)?
3591
1 Yes - Answer 97 and 98
2 No - Skip to 99

What are the U.S. Reporter's values for:
97 Premiums earned?

- Report premiums, gross of commissions, included in revenue during the reporting year. Calculate as direct premiums written (including renewals) net of cancellations, plus reinsurance premiums assumed, minus reinsurance premiums ceded, plus unearned premiums at the beginning of the year, minus unearned premiums at the end of the year. EXCLUDE all annuity premiums. Also EXCLUDE premiums and policy fees related to universal and adjustable life, variable and interest-sensitive life, and variable-universal life policies.

- Report losses incurred for the insurance products covered by 97 above. EXCLUDE loss adjustment expenses and losses that relate to annuities. Also EXCLUDE losses related to universal and adjustable life, variable and interest-sensitive life, and variable-universal life policies.
- For property and casualty insurance, calculate as net losses paid during the reporting year, minus net unpaid losses at the beginning of the year, plus net unpaid losses at the end of the year. In the calculation of net losses, INCLUDE losses on reinsurance assumed from other companies and EXCLUDE losses on reinsurance ceded to other companies. Unpaid losses INCLUDE both case reserves and losses incurred but not reported.
- For life insurance, losses reflect policy claims on reinsurance assumed or on primary insurance sold, minus losses recovered from reinsurance ceded, adjusted for changes in claims due, unpaid, and in the course of settlement.

Remarks (Electronically filed documents are limited to 255 character remarks. If you need to enter more, use the comments section on the eFile website.)

## Part IV - Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Reporter - Continued

## Section J - Research and Development

R\&D is planned, creative work aimed at discovering new knowledge or developing new or significantly improved goods and services. This includes:
Basic research is the pursuit of new scientific knowledge or understanding that does not have specific immediate commercial objectives, although it may be in fields of present or potential commercial interest.
Applied research applies the findings of basic research or other existing knowledge toward discovering new scientific knowledge that has specific commercial objectives with respect to new products, services, processes, or methods.
Development is the systematic use of the knowledge or understanding gained from research or practical experience directed toward the production or significant improvement of useful products, services, processes, or methods, including the design and development of prototypes, materials, devices, and systems.

R\&D includes the activities described above, whether assigned to separate R\&D organizational units of the company or carried out by company laboratories and technical groups that are not a part of an R\&D organization.
EXCLUDE R\&D expenditures for:

- Costs for routine product testing, quality control, and technical services unless they are an integral part of an R\&D project
- Market research
- Efficiency surveys or management studies
- Literary, artistic, or historical projects, such as films, music, or books and other publications
- Prospecting or exploration for natural resources

INCLUDE wages, salaries, and related costs; materials and supplies consumed; depreciation on R\&D property and equipment, cost of computer software used in R\&D activities; utilities, such as telephone, electricity, water, and gas; travel costs and professional dues; property taxes and other taxes (except income taxes) incurred on account of the R\&D organization or the facilities they use; insurance expenses; maintenance and repair, including maintenance of buildings and grounds; company overhead including: personnel, accounting, procurement and inventory, and salaries of research executives not on the payroll of the R\&D organization.
EXCLUDE capital expenditures, expenditures for tests and evaluations once a prototype becomes a production model, patent expenses, and income taxes and interest.

NOTE - 99 through 103 pertain to R\&D performed by the U.S. Reporter, including R\&D performed by the U.S. Reporter for others under contract. This is the basis on which National Science Foundation surveys request information on R\&D. The FASB ASC 730 (FAS 2) - Measure of R\&D; (i.e., R\&D from which the firm benefits) is the sum of 100 and 104.


## IMPORTANT NOTES

Report exports and imports of goods by the U.S. Reporter in FY 2019. Report all goods that physically left or entered the U.S. customs area. Report data on a "shipped" basis, i.e., on the basis of when and to (or by) whom the goods were shipped. This is the same basis as official U.S. trade statistics to which these data will be compared. Do not record a U.S. import or export if the goods did not physically enter or leave (i.e., were not physically shipped to or from) the United States, even if they were charged to the U.S. Reporter by, or charged by the U.S. Reporter to, a foreign person.
U.S. Reporters normally keep their accounting records on a "charged" basis, i.e., on the basis of when and to (or by) whom the goods were charged. The "charged" basis may be used if there is no material difference between it and the "shipped" basis. If there is a material difference, the "shipped" basis must be used or adjustments made to data on a "charged" basis to approximate a "shipped" basis. The data should INCLUDE goods only; they should EXCLUDE services.
Capital goods - INCLUDE capital goods but EXCLUDE the value of ships, planes, railroad rolling stock, and trucks that were temporarily outside the United States transporting people or goods.
Consigned goods - INCLUDE consigned goods in the trade figures when shipped or received, even though they are not normally recorded as sales or purchases, or entered into intercompany accounts when initially consigned.

In-transit goods - EXCLUDE from exports and imports the value of goods that are in-transit. In-transit goods are goods that are not processed or consumed by residents in the intermediate country(ies) through which they transit; the in-transit goods enter that country(ies) only because that country(ies) is along the shipping lines between the exporting and importing countries. In-transit imports are goods en route from one foreign country to another via the United States (such as from Canada to Mexico via the United States), and in-transit exports are goods en route from one part of the United States to another part via a foreign country (such as from Alaska to Washington State via Canada).
Packaged general use computer software - INCLUDE exports and imports of packaged general use computer software. Value such exports and imports at the full transaction value, i.e., the market value of the media on which the software is recorded and the value of the information contained on the media. EXCLUDE exports and imports of customized software designed to meet the needs of a specific user. This type of software is considered a service and should not be included as trade in goods. EXCLUDE negotiated fees for software that is to be used on networks.
Natural gas, electricity, and water - Report ONLY the product value of natural gas, electricity, and water that you produce or sell at wholesale as exports and imports of goods. DO NOT report the service value (transmission and distribution).
See Instruction Booklet, Part V.

## EXPORTS AND IMPORTS BY THE U.S. REPORTER

105 On what basis were the trade data in the section prepared? - Mark $(X)$ one.

| ${ }^{41011} 1$ | "Shipped" basis. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 | "Charged" basis without adjustments, because there is no material difference between the "charged" and "shipped" bases. |
| 3 | "Charged" basis with adjustments to correct for material differences between the "charged" and "shipped" bases. |

Shipped to its foreign affiliates
(2)

Dols. $\frac{\text { \$ Bil. }}{2}$
000
Mil Thous

TOTAL
$(1)=(2)+(3)$
(1) $4102{ }^{\text {\$ Bil. Mil. Thous. }}$
$\ldots$. . .

TOTAL
$(1)=(2)+(3)$
IMPORTS OF GOODS BY THIS U.S. REPORTER (Valued f.a.s. foreign port)

107 What is the value of the total goods shipped in FY 2019 to this U.S. Reporter by foreigners?
By intended use - Sum of 108 through 110 must equal 107:
108 Goods intended for further processing, assembly, or manufacture by the U.S. Reporter before resale to others 109
EXPORTS OF GOODS BY THIS U.S. REPORTER (Valued f.a.s. U.S. port)
106 What is the value of the total goods shipped in FY 2019 by this U.S. Reporter to foreigners?
(1)
\$ Bil. Mil. Thous. 41031
$\square$ Mii. Thous.

Goods for resale without further

Shipped by its foreign affiliates
(2)

Dols. \$ Bil. Mil. Thous.

Shipped to other foreigners
(3)

Dols. \$ Bil. Mil. Thous.
000 processing, assembly, or manufacture by the U.S. Reporter

110
Other, including capital equipment - Specify
$\square$
$\square$
4409

$000^{2}$
$\square$
000 000 2

000


## 2019 BENCHMARK SURVEY OF U.S. DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD FORM BE-10A ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS BY ITEM

Authority — This survey is being conducted pursuant to the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act (P.L. 94-472., 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C 3101-3108, as amended, hereinafter "the Act"), and the filing of reports is MANDATORY pursuant to Section 5(b)(2) of the Act (22 U.S.C. 3104).

Penalties - Whoever fails to report shall be subject to a civil penalty and to injunctive relief commanding such person to comply, or both. Whoever willfully fails to report shall be fined and, if an individual, may be imprisoned for not more than one year, or both. Any officer, director, employee, or agent of any corporation who knowingly participates in such violations, upon conviction, may be punished by a like fine, imprisonment, or both (22 U.S.C. 3105). The civil penalties are subject to inflationary adjustments. Those adjustments are found in 15 C.F.R. 6.3.
Notwithstanding any other provision of the law, no person is required to respond to, nor shall any person be subject to penalty for failure to comply with, a collection of information subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act, unless that collection of information displays a currently valid OMB Control Number.
Respondent Burden — Public reporting burden for this BE-10 report (comprising Form BE-10A and Form(s) BE-10B, BE-10C, and/or BE-10D) is estimated to average 38 hours per response. This burden includes time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate to Director, Bureau of Economic Analysis (BE-1), U.S. Department of Commerce, 4600 Silver Hill Road, Washington, DC 20233; and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project 0608-0049, Washington, DC 20503.
Confidentiality - The Act provides that your report to this Bureau is confidential and may be used only for analytical or statistical purposes. Without your prior written permission, the information filed in your report cannot be presented in a manner that allows it to be individually identified. Your report cannot be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. Copies retained for your files are immune from legal process. Per the Cybersecurity Enhancement Act of 2015, your data are protected from cybersecurity risks through security monitoring of the BEA information systems.

## Part IV - Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Reporter

## Section A - Income Statement of U.S. Reporter

43 Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes - Report gross operating revenues or gross sales minus returns, allowances, and discounts. EXCLUDE sales or consumption taxes levied directly on the consumer. EXCLUDE net value-added taxes and excise taxes levied on manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers. Companies with ISI codes 5221, 5223, $5224,5229,5231,5238,5252$ and 5331 should include interest income on this line. Insurance companies with ISI codes 5243 and 5249 should include gross investment income on this line.
Dealers in financial instruments and finance, insurance, and real estate companies see Special Instructions, page 17.

# Special Instructions for Dealers in Financial Instruments, Finance Companies, Insurance Companies, and Real Estate Companies 

A. Certain gains (losses) (45) for (1) dealers in financial instruments and finance and insurance companies, and (2) real estate companies.

1. Dealers in financial instruments (including securities, currencies, derivatives, and other financial instruments) and finance and insurance companies INCLUDE in 45 :

- impairment losses as defined by FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115),
- realized gains and losses on trading or dealing,
- unrealized gains or losses, due to changes in the valuation of financial instruments, that flow through the income statement, and
- goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142).

EXCLUDE from 45, unrealized gains or losses due to changes in the valuation of financial instruments that are taken directly to owners' equity.
EXCLUDE from 45, income from explicit fees and commissions. INCLUDE income from these fees and commissions as operating income in 32, 43 and 53 and as sales of services in item 55.
2. Real estate companies - INCLUDE in 45:

- impairment losses as defined by FASB ASC 360 (FAS 144), and - goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142).

EXCLUDE from 45 the revenues earned and expenses incurred from the sale of real estate you own. Such revenues should be reported as operating income in 32, 43 and 53 and as sales of goods in 54.
B. Special instructions for insurance companies

1. When there is a difference between the financial and operating data reported to stockholders and the data reported in the annual statement to an insurance department, prepare the BE-10 on the same basis as the annual report to the stockholders.

Valuation should be according to normal commercial accounting procedures, not at rates promulgated by insurance departments, e.g., INCLUDE assets not acceptable for inclusion in the annual statement to an insurance department such as:
(1.) non-trusteed or free account assets and
(2.) nonadmitted assets, including furniture and equipment, agents' debit balances, and all receivables deemed to be collectible. INCLUDE mandatory securities valuation reserves that are appropriations of retained earnings in the owners' equity section of the balance sheet, not in the liability section.
2. Instructions for reporting specific items
a. Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes (43) - INCLUDE items such as earned premiums, annuity considerations, gross investment income, and items of a similar nature. EXCLUDE income from equity
investments in unconsolidated business enterprises and certain realized and unrealized gains or losses that are to be reported in 45.
b. Certain gains (losses) (45) - See Special Instructions, A. 1.
c. Cost of goods sold or services rendered and selling, general, and administrative expenses ( 48 ) - INCLUDE costs relating to sales or gross operating revenues, such as policy losses incurred, death benefits, matured endowments, other policy benefits, increases in liabilities for future policy benefits, and other underwriting expenses.
d. Sales of services (55) - INCLUDE premium income and income from other services, if any.
Calculate premiums earned by companies engaged in insurance activities as direct premiums written (including renewals) net of cancellations, plus reinsurance premiums assumed, minus reinsurance premiums ceded, plus unearned premiums at the beginning of the year, minus unearned premiums at the end of the year.
e. Investment income (56) - Report that portion of sales or gross operating revenues that is investment income. However, report any gains or losses on investments in accordance with Special Instructions, A.1. See Additional Instructions for Part IV, Section B, 56, on page 7 to determine the location of the transactor of investment income.
f. Current receivables (70) - INCLUDE current items such as agents' balances, uncollected premiums, amounts recoverable from reinsurers, and other current notes and accounts receivable (net of allowances for doubtful items) arising from the ordinary course of business.
g. Trade accounts and trade notes payable, current ( 77 ) - INCLUDE current items such as loss liabilities, policy claims, commissions due, and other current liabilities arising from the ordinary course of business. INCLUDE policy reserves in "Other liabilities," 78 unless they are clearly current liabilities.
h. Net book value of property, plant, and equipment ( 81 and 88 ) - INCLUDE the net book value of property, plant, and equipment, WHEREVER CLASSIFIED IN THE BALANCE SHEET. Therefore, the opening and closing net book values for property, plant, and equipment will not necessarily reconcile with their balance sheet counterpart (72).
i. Expenditures for property, plant, and equipment ( 83 and 84 ) - INCLUDE expenditures WHEREVER CLASSIFIED IN THE BALANCE SHEET (e.g., INCLUDE expenditures for PP\&E that have been classified in "other noncurrent assets").

## Summary of Industry Classifications

For a full explanation of each code see www.bea.gov/naics2017

## Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting

1110 Crop production
1120 Animal production and aquaculture
1130 Forestry and logging
1140 Fishing, hunting, and trapping
1150 Support activities for agriculture and forestry

## Mining

2111 Oil and gas extraction
2121 Coal
2123 Nonmetallic minerals
2124 Iron ores
2125 Gold and silver ores
2126 Copper, nickel, lead, and zinc ores
2127 Other metal ores
2132 Support activities for oil and gas operations
2133 Support activities for mining, except for oil and gas operations

## Utilities

2211 Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution
2212 Natural gas distribution
2213 Water, sewage, and other systems

## Construction

2360 Construction of buildings
2370 Heavy and civil engineering construction
2380 Specialty trade contractors

## Manufacturing

3111 Animal foods
3112 Grain and oilseed milling
3113 Sugar and confectionery products
3114 Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty foods
3115 Dairy products
3116 Meat products
3117 Seafood product preparation and packaging
3118 Bakery products and tortillas
3119 Other food products
3121 Beverages
3122 Tobacco
3130 Textile mills
3140 Textile product mills
3150 Apparel
3160 Leather and allied products
3210 Wood products
3221 Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills
3222 Converted paper products
3231 Printing and related support activities
3242 Integrated petroleum refining and extraction
3243 Petroleum refining without extraction
3244 Asphalt and other petroleum and coal products
3251 Basic chemicals
3252 Resins, synthetic rubbers, and artificial and synthetic fibers and filaments
3253 Pesticides, fertilizers, and other agricultural chemicals

3254 Pharmaceuticals and medicines
3255 Paints, coatings, and adhesives
3256 Soap, cleaning compounds, and toilet preparations
3259 Other chemical products and preparations
3261 Plastics products
3262 Rubber products
3271 Clay products and refractories
3272 Glass and glass products
3273 Cement and concrete products
3274 Lime and gypsum products
3279 Other nonmetallic mineral products
3311 Iron and steel mills
3312 Steel products from purchased steel
3313 Alumina and aluminum production and processing
3314 Nonferrous metal (except aluminum) production and processing
3315 Foundries
3321 Forging and stamping
3322 Cutlery and hand tools
3323 Architectural and structural metals
3324 Boilers, tanks, and shipping containers
3325 Hardware
3326 Spring and wire products
3327 Machine shop products, turned products, and screws, nuts, and bolts
3328 Coating, engraving, heat treating, and allied activities
3329 Other fabricated metal products
3331 Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery
3332 Industrial machinery
3333 Commercial and service industry machinery
3334 Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning, and commercial refrigeration equipment Metalworking machinery
3335
3336 Engines, turbines, and power transmission equipment
3339 Other general purpose machinery
3341 Computer and peripheral equipment
3342 Communications equipment
3343 Audio and video equipment
3344 Semiconductors and other electronic components

3359 Other electrical equipment and components
3361 Motor vehicles
3362 Motor vehicle bodies and trailers
3363 Motor vehicle parts
3364 Aerospace products and parts
3365 Railroad rolling stock
3366 Ship and boat building
3369 Other transportation equipment
3370 Furniture and related products
3391 Medical equipment and supplies
3399 Other miscellaneous manufacturing

Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods
4231 Motor vehicle and motor vehicle parts and supplies
4232 Furniture and home furnishing
4233 Lumber and other construction materials
4234 Professional and commercial equipment and supplies
4235 Metal and mineral (except petroleum)
4236 Household appliances, and electrical and electronic goods
4237 Hardware, and plumbing and heating equipment and supplies
4238 Machinery, equipment, and supplies
4239 Miscellaneous durable goods

## Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods

4241 Paper and paper product
4242 Drugs and druggists' sundries
4243 Apparel, piece goods, and notions
4244 Grocery and related product
4245 Farm product raw material
4246 Chemical and allied products
4247 Petroleum and petroleum products
4248 Beer, wine, and distilled alcoholic beverage
4249 Miscellaneous nondurable goods
Wholesale Trade, Electronic Markets and Agents and Brokers

4251 Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers

## Retail Trade

4410 Motor vehicle and parts dealers
4420 Furniture and home furnishings
4431 Electronics and appliance
4440 Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers
4450 Food and beverage
4461 Health and personal care
4471 Gasoline stations
4480 Clothing and clothing accessories
4510 Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music
4520 General merchandise
4530 Miscellaneous store retailers
4540 Non-store retailers

## Transportation and Warehousing

4810 Air transportation
4821 Rail transportation
4833 Petroleum tanker operations
4839 Other water transportation
4840 Truck transportation
4850 Transit and ground passenger transportation
4863 Pipeline transportation of crude oil, refined petroleum products, and natural gas
4868 Other pipeline transportation
4870 Scenic and sightseeing transportation
4880 Support activities for transportation
4920 Couriers and messengers
4932 Petroleum storage for hire
4939 Other warehousing and storage

# Summary of Industry Classifications - Continued <br> For a full explanation of each code see www.bea.gov/naics2017 

## Information

5111 Newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishers
5112 Software publishers
5121 Motion picture and video industries
5122 Sound recording industries
5151 Radio and television broadcasting
5152 Cable and other subscription programming
5173 Wired and wireless telecommunication carriers
5174 Satellite telecommunications
5179 Other telecommunications
5182 Data processing, hosting, and related services
5191 Other information services

## Finance and Insurance

5221 Depository credit intermediation (Banking)
5223 Activities related to credit intermediation
5224 Non-depository credit intermediation, except branches and agencies
5229 Non-depository branches and agencies
5231 Securities and commodity contracts intermediation and brokerage
5238 Other financial investment activities and exchanges
5242 Agencies, brokerages, and other insurance related activities
5243 Insurance carriers, except direct life insurance carriers
5249 Direct life insurance carriers
5252 Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles

## Real Estate and Rental and Leasing

5310 Real estate
5321 Automotive equipment rental and leasing
5329 Other rental and leasing services
5331 Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets, except copyrighted works

Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services
5411 Legal services
5412 Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services
5413 Architectural, engineering, and related services
5414 Specialized design services
5415 Computer systems design and related services
5416 Management, scientific, and technical consulting services
5417 Scientific research and development services
5418 Advertising, public relations, and related services
5419 Other professional, scientific, and technical services

## Management of Companies and Enterprises

5512 Holding companies, except bank holding companies
5513 Corporate, subsidiary, and regional management offices

## Administrative and Support, Waste

 Management and Remediation Services5611 Office administrative services
5612 Facilities support services
5613 Employment services
5614 Business support services
5615 Travel arrangement and reservation services
5616 Investigation and security services
5617 Services to buildings and dwellings
5619 Other support services
5620 Waste management and remediation services

Educational Services
6110 Educational services

## Health Care and Social Assistance

6210 Ambulatory health care services
6220 Hospitals
6230 Nursing and residential care facilities
6240 Social assistance services
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation
7110 Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries
7121 Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions
7130 Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries

## Accommodation and Food Services

7210 Accommodation
7220 Food services and drinking places

## Other Services

8110 Repair and maintenance
8120 Personal and laundry services
8130 Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations

## Public Administration

9200 Public administration

